## Summary of Consolidated Financial Results For the Three Months Ended April 30, 2009

June 3, 2009
Company name: Pigeon Corporation (Stock code: 7956)
Listings: First Section, Tokyo Stock Exchange
Website: www.pigeon.co.jp
Representative: Akio Okoshi (President and COO)
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Date of release of Business Report: June 15, 2009
Planned Commencement Date of Dividend Payment: -

## 1. Consolidated Financial Results (February 1 -April 30, 2009) <br> (1) Performance

|  | Net Sales |  | Operating Income |  | Ordinary Income |  | Net Income |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three Months Ended April 30, 2009 | 12,147 | -\% | 719 | -\% | 769 | -\% | 358 | -\% |
| Three Months Ended April 30, 2008 | 12,627 | 11.6\% | 796 | 37.5\% | 745 | 33.2\% | 389 | 22.2\% |


|  | Net Income per Share (¥) | Diluted Net Income Per Share (¥) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Three Months Ended April 30, 2009 | 17.91 | - |
| Three Months Ended April 30, 2008 | 19.56 | - |

## (2) Financial Position

|  | Total Assets | Net Assets | Equity Ratio (\%) | Net Assets Per Share (\#) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At April 30, 2009 | 38.797 | 24,623 | 62.4 | $1,210.04$ |
| At January 31, 2009 | 38,407 | 24,324 | 62.3 | $1,195.45$ |

Reference: Equity: $¥ 24.219$ million (At April 30, 2009); ¥23.928 million (At January 31, 2009)

## 2. Cash Dividends

|  | Cash Dividends per Share (¥) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | Year-end | Full-year |  |
| Year Ended January 31, 2009 <br> Year Ending January 31, 2010 |  | - | - | 23.00 | - |  |
| Year Ending January 31, 2010 <br> (Forecast) |  |  |  |  | 32.00 |  |
| 55.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(Note) Changes in dividend forecasts during the quarter under review: None

## 3. Forecast for the Year Ending January 31, 2010

| ( $¥$ millions, rounded down) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net Sales |  | Operating Income |  | Ordinary Income |  | Net Income |  | Net Income per Share (\#) |
| Six Months Ending <br> July 31, 2009 <br> (\% indicates changes from the corresponding previous term) | 26,700 | 0.1\% | 1,650 | (22.1) \% | 1,600 | (24.0) \% | 1,000 | (26.7) \% | 49.96 |
| Year Ending <br> January 31, 2010 <br> (\% figures denote year-on-year change) | 56,000 | 5.5\% | 4,400 | 3.1\% | 4,350 | 1.3\% | 3,000 | 5.1\% | 149.88 |

(Note) Changes in projections during the quarter under review: None

## 4. Other

(1) Changes in material subsidiaries during the period (changes in specific subsidiaries affecting the scope of consolidation): No
(2) Application of simplified methods of accounting and accounting methods specific to the preparation of quarterly financial statements: Yes
For details, please refer to section 4 (page 5).of the "Qualitative Information Regarding Consolidated Business Results."
(3) Changes in accounting principles, processes, presentation methods, etc., related to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements (recorded in changes to important items that form the basis for preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements)

1) Changes due to revisions to accounting standards, etc.: Yes
2) Changes other than 1): No

For details, please refer to section 4. of the "Qualitative Information Regarding Consolidated Business Results."
(4) Number of outstanding shares (ordinary shares)

1) Number of shares outstanding at term-end (including treasury shares)

Three months ended April 30, 2009: 20,275,581
Year ended January 31, 2009: 20,275,581
2) Number of treasury shares at term-end

Three months ended April 30, 2009: 260,114
Year ended January 31, 2009: 259,777
3) Average number of shares during the period (cumulative figure for consolidated quarterly accounting period)

Three months ended April 30, 2009: 20,015,610
Three months ended April 30, 2008:19,926,454

## Notes: Cautionary Statement Regarding Performance Forecasts

1. The forecasts and future projections stated in this report have been prepared on the basis of the information and assumption that shall be reasonable as of the date of announcement of this summary information, and the actual results could differ significantly from forecast figures depending on a variety of factors.
2. In the current consolidated fiscal year, the Company began applying the "Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting" (Financial Accounting Standard No. 12) and the "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting" (Financial Accounting Standard Implementation Guidance No. 14). The quarterly consolidated financial statements were also prepared in accordance with the "Regulations on Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Qualitative Information Regarding Consolidated Business Results 

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1. Consolidated Business Results
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## Overview of Business Conditions

In the three-month period under review-the first quarter of the year ending January 31, 2010-the Japanese economy was characterized by continued deterioration of corporate earnings due to the sharp economic downturn stemming from the global financial crisis. Meanwhile, personal consumption remained weak amid increasing difficult conditions in the job market. The Pigeon Group faced very difficult conditions as companies squeezed their distribution inventories in response to weak consumption. We were also impacted by the rising cost of raw materials, which constituted an increasingly heavy burden in the previous fiscal, due to surging crude oil prices. In the autumn of 2009, moreover, the situation was further exacerbated by the appreciation of the yen.

Facing these conditions, the Pigeon Group entered the second year of its third medium-term business plan for the 21st century, entitled "Becoming a Global Company: Challenges and Independence." Based on the plan's fundamental policies, we have set the following tasks for our respective businesses.

## Baby and Child Care

Domestic Baby and Child Care Products: In this category, we will swiftly adopt measures to strengthen existing businesses while nurturing new businesses and maintaining and entrenching our direct communications program. In these ways, we will hone our competitive edge in the market and energize and raise brand loyalty. We will also raise profitability by pursuing cost reductions across the board.

Overseas Business: We will prioritize allocation of managerial resources to our overseas business, which we regard as a key growth driver for the Pigeon Group. Adopting appropriate marketing strategies, we will work to strengthen and broaden brand loyalty in overseas markets while actively expanding our presence in existing markets. We will give particular attention to China, where we will further solidify our sales foundation and expand our production operations.

Child-Rearing Support Services: Here, we will upgrade our new personnel development system and broaden the scope of our services, with the aim of improving the quality of both personnel and services. At the same time, we will build an effective business operational infrastructure, steadily boost efficiency, and focus on highly profitable services to underpin growth. In the process, we will solidify our foundation for business expansion and improved profitability.

## Healthcare

In this segment, we will strengthen our sales and marketing capabilities under our Group-wide business operational infrastructure. Our plan is to consolidate nursing care-related products under the Habinurse brand, finish streamlining our product lineup, and steadily establish effective distribution channels in order to enhance the productivity and profitability of existing businesses. Meanwhile, we will continue actively allocating managerial resources to nurture the new Recoup brand of anti-aging products. Initiatives here include upgrading our product lineup and expanding our network of Recoup sections in retail stores.

As a result of the aforementioned initiatives, the Group posted consolidated net sales of $¥ 12,147$ million for the quarter, down $3.8 \%$ from the previous corresponding period. On the earnings side, we worked hard to hold down expenses amid continued increases in raw materials prices. However, operating income declined $9.6 \%$, to $¥ 719$ million, whereas ordinary income was up $3.2 \%$, to $¥ 769$ million. During the period, we reported an extraordinary loss of $¥ 380$ million allowance for doubtful accounts. This was, as released on March 31, 2009, in response to a business partner filing for the Civil Rehabilitation Act bankruptcy protection. Accordingly, net income fell $8.1 \%$, to $¥ 358$ million.

## Segment Review

The Pigeon Group has three main business segments: Baby and Child Care, Healthcare, and Others.

## Baby and Child Care

Sales in this segment amounted to $¥ 9,627$ million, down $2.9 \%$ year-on-year. Operating income edged down $0.4 \%$, to $¥ 1,323$ million. This segment consists of three categories: Domestic Baby and Child Care Products, Overseas Business, and Child-Rearing Support Services.

Domestic Baby and Child Care Products: In this category, we launched a number of new products. In February 2009, for example, we upgraded our lineup of breastfeeding-related products with the introduction of a chilled, sealed breastfeeding cap, and in March we unveiled two insect repellents that do not need to be directly applied to the skin. In addition, we focused on direct customer communication aimed at strengthening brand loyalty. As part of this program, we held five maternity events during the year, attracting more than 350 participants. Meanwhile, the membership of our word-of-mouth community portal, "Pigeon Info," which supports women during pregnancy, in childbirth, and when raising children, has risen steadily. Due to ongoing weakness in consumer sentiment, however, sales fell below the level of the previous corresponding period.

Overseas Business: Despite concerns about the impact of global recession, overseas sales on a localcurrency basis increased year-on-year, driven mainly by China and the United States. In China, Pigeon (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., held a kick-off meeting in February 2009 with the Ministry of Health of the People's Republic of China with respect to jointly advancing a project related to the Chinese government's campaign to promote breastfeeding. As part of this initiative, we will open "Pigeon Breastfeeding Advice Offices" in 34 locations around China. In the United States, meanwhile, Lansinoh Laboratories, Inc., a consolidated subsidiary, acquired the sales rights for the Soothies brand from Puronyx, Inc. Here, our aim is to strengthen our business in the United States by upgrading our lineup of breastfeeding-related products and securing sales channels into hospitals.

Child-Rearing Support Services: In this category, we continued proactive sales initiatives, including incompany child-minding operations. In April 2009, we were newly entrusted with the operation of five daycare facilities.

## Healthcare

Sales in this segment declined $3.4 \%$, to $¥ 1,616$ million, and operating income fell $43.0 \%$, to $¥ 42$ million. With respect to the Recoup brand of anti-aging products, launched in August 2007, held events aimed at raising brand recognition on four occasions, attracting around 100 participants. In addition, we have been setting up Recoup sections in specialist retail outlets. We now have such sections in around 200 locations. During the period, we added a number of new products to our line of supporters that reduce strain Recoup supporters on the wrist, the elbow and the whole body, which have been popular since their launch. These include functional walking-support socks. Going forward, we will work swiftly to broaden product development. In addition, we have acquired the services of actress Yoshiko Kayama to represent our brand. We will continue our wide-ranging business development activities, including through the use of events, posters, and dedicated catalogs.

## Others

Sales from other operations totaled $¥ 903$ million, down $13.2 \%$ year-on-year. Operating income slipped $5.9 \%$, to $¥ 166$ million. During the period, we launched a delicious folic acid nutritional supplement in chewable form for women who are pregnant or breastfeeding. However, Pigeon Will Co., Ltd., a consolidated subsidiary that makes and sells maternity undergarments, reported a year-on-year sales decline due to weakened consumer sentiment.

## 2. Financial Position

At April 30, 2009, total assets amounted to $¥ 3,897$ million, up $¥ 389$ million from January 31, 2009. Major components included an increase in inventories and a decrease in notes and accounts receivable.

Total liabilities rose $¥ 91$ million, to $¥ 14,174$ million. Major factors included an increase in notes and accounts payable and a decline in accrued payables.

Net assets were up $¥ 298$ million, to $¥ 24,623$ million. Major components included an increase in foreign exchange adjustment and a decline in retained earnings.

## 3. Performance Forecasts

The Pigeon Group has not changed its consolidated performance forecasts for the fiscal year ending January 31, 2010. Those forecasts were announced on March 6, 2009.

## 4. Other

(1) Major changes among subsidiaries (scope of consolidation) during period

Not applicable.

## (2) Simplified accounting method or special method for preparing quarterly consolidated financial statements adopted

1) Simplified Accounting Method

- Valuation of inventory assets

The value of inventories at the end of the period under review is based on rational calculation, using physical inventories at the end of the previous fiscal year, rather than physical inventories at the end of the period under review. The Company has reduced the book price of certain inventory assets that were clearly deemed to be declining in profitability, after estimating the net selling value of such assets.

- Method of calculating depreciation of fixed assets

Depreciation of fixed assets for which the declining-balance method is used is calculated by dividing the amount for the entire fiscal year into quarters.

- Determining recoverability of deferred tax assets

In determining the recoverability of deferred tax assets, the operating performance forecasts and tax planning methods used during and prior to the fiscal year ended January 31, 2009, were applied in the period under review, as no significant changes in the operating environment or sudden and significant changes in conditions were recognized.
2) Special accounting treatment applied in preparation of quarterly financial statements Not applicable

## (3) Change in accounting methods related to preparation of quarterly financial statements

1) Effective the fiscal year under review, the Company has applied "Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting and its Implementation Guidance" (ASBJ Statement No. 12 issued March 14, 2007) and "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting" (ASBJ Guidance No. 14 issued March 14, 2007). The Company also prepares its quarterly consolidated financial statements according to "Regulations for Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements."
2) Previously, inventories held for sale in the ordinary course of business were measured primarily at cost, determined by the average method, while inventories held by consolidated subsidiaries were valued at cost, determined by the last purchase price method. Effective the first quarter ended April 2009, however, the Company has applied "Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories" (ASBJ Statement No. 9, issued July 5, 2006). Accordingly, such inventories are measured primarily at cost, determined by the average method (on Balance Sheets inventories shall be carried at the net selling value, regarded as decreased profitability). The effect of this change on the Company's income statements was minimal.
3) Effective the first quarter ended April 2009, the Company has applied "Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for the Consolidated Financial Statements" (ASBJ Practical Issues Task Force No. 18, issued May 17, 2006), and made the necessary adjustments to its consolidated results accordingly. The effect of this change on the Company's income statements was minimal.

## 5. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statement

(1) Consolidated Quarterly Balance Sheets

|  |  | (Thousands of yen) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | At April 30, 2009 | At January 31, 2009 |
| ASSETS |  |  |
| I. Current Assets: |  |  |
| Cash and time deposits | 5,870,203 | 5,972,743 |
| Notes and accounts receivable | 9,347,526 | 10,118,834 |
| Goods and products | 4,463,951 | 3,636,721 |
| Goods in process | 32,189 | 33,934 |
| Raw material and inventory goods | 1,071,272 | 970,523 |
| Other current assets | 1,355,345 | 952,842 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | $(142,877)$ | $(54,731)$ |
| Total Current Assets | 21,997,612 | 21,630,868 |
| II. Fixed Assets: |  |  |
| 1. Tangible Fixed Assets: |  |  |
| Buildings and structures | 4,522,926 | 4,541,669 |
| Land | 5,897,038 | 5,879,913 |
| Other tangible fixed assets | 2,955,490 | 2,886,779 |
| Total Tangible Fixed Assets | 13,375,455 | 13,308,362 |
| 2. Intangible Fixed Assets: |  |  |
| Goodwill | 751,529 | 816,244 |
| Other intangible fixed assets | 703,699 | 728,708 |
| Total Intangible Fixed Assets | 1,455,229 | 1,544,953 |
| 3. Investments and Other Assets: |  |  |
| Other | 2,361,859 | 1,928,369 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | $(392,575)$ | $(4,577)$ |
| Total Investments and Other Assets | 1,969,284 | 1,923,791 |
| Total Fixed Assets | 16,799,969 | 16,777,107 |
| Total Assets | 38,797,582 | 38,407,976 |


|  |  | (Thousands of yen) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| LIABILITIES | At April 30, 2009 | At January 31, 2009 |
| I. Current Liabilities: |  |  |
| Notes and accounts payable |  |  |
| Short-term borrowings | $5,188,019$ | $4,674,216$ |
| Income taxes payable | $1,711,239$ | $1,819,680$ |
| Accrued bonuses to employees | 443,761 | 426,442 |
| Returned goods adjustment reserve | 839,593 | 522,731 |
| Other current liabilities | 69,654 | $\mathbf{7 4 , 3 0 2}$ |
| Total Current Liabilities | $3,194,870$ | $3,726,139$ |
| II. Long-Term Liabilities: | $\mathbf{1 1 , 4 4 7 , 1 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 2 4 3 , 5 1 2}$ |
| Long-term borrowings | $1,344,880$ | $1,319,680$ |
| Employees' retirement benefits | 258,398 | 252,065 |
| Retirement benefits for directors and corporate | 281,454 | 287,840 |
| auditors | 842,655 | 980,288 |
| Other long-term liabilities | $\mathbf{2 , 7 2 7 , 3 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 8 3 9 , 8 7 4}$ |
| Total Long-Term Liabilities | $\mathbf{1 4 , 1 7 4 , 5 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 0 8 3 , 3 8 6}$ |
| Total Liabilities |  |  |

## NET ASSETS

I. Shareholder's Equity:

| Capital stock | $5,199,597$ | $5,199,597$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Additional paid-in capital | $5,180,246$ | $5,180,246$ |
| Retained earnings | $15,202,901$ | $15,484,915$ |
| Treasury stock | $(443,696)$ | $\mathbf{( 4 4 2 , 9 3 5 )}$ |
| Total Shareholders' Equity | $\mathbf{2 5 , 1 3 9 , 0 4 9}$ | $(2,42,824$ |
| II. Valuation and Translation Adjustments: | 4,893 | $(1,493,521)$ |
| Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities | $(924,260)$ | $\mathbf{( 1 , 4 9 3 , 7 7 3 )}$ |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | $\mathbf{( 9 1 9 , 3 6 7 )}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 6 , 5 3 8}$ |
| Total Valuation and Translation Adjustments | $\mathbf{4 0 3 , 3 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 , 3 2 4 , 5 8 9}$ |
| III. Minority Interests | $\mathbf{2 4 , 6 2 3 , 0 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 8 , 4 0 7 , 9 7 6}$ |
| Total Net Assets | $\mathbf{3 8 , 7 9 7 , 5 8 2}$ |  |
| Total Liabilities, Minority Interests and Net Assets |  |  |

(2) Consolidated Quarterly Statements of Income

Three Months Ended April 30, 2009

| I. Net Sales | 12,147,321 |
| :---: | :---: |
| II. Cost of Sales | 7,525,275 |
| Gross profit | 4,622,045 |
| Reversal of reserve for returned products | 75,632 |
| Transfer to reserve for returned products | 67,985 |
| Adjusted gross profit | 4,629,692 |
| III. Selling, General and Administrative Expenses | 3,909,991 |
| Operating Income | 719,700 |
| IV. Other Income: |  |
| Interest income | 8,618 |
| Rental income | 30,442 |
| Equity in earnings of nonconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates | 12,779 |
| Profit from foreign exchange | 33,397 |
| Other | 43,352 |
| Total Other Income | 128,590 |
| V. Other Expenses: |  |
| Interest expense | 15,804 |
| Sales discounts | 40,823 |
| Rental income-related costs | 19,412 |
| Other | 2,944 |
| Total Other Expenses | 78,984 |
| Ordinary Income | 769,306 |
| VI. Extraordinary Income: |  |
| Gain on sales of property | 3,360 |
| Other | 468 |
| Total Extraordinary Income | 3,828 |
| VII. Extraordinary Loss: |  |
| Loss on disposal of property | 837 |
| Transfer to allowance for doubtful accounts | 380,838 |
| Other | 6,510 |
| Total Extraordinary Loss | 3,388,185 |
| Income before Income Taxes | 384,950 |
| Income Taxes | 329,166 |
| Adjustment for Corporate Tax | $(333,521)$ |
| Total Corporate Income Tax | $(4,355)$ |
| Less: Minority Interest in Net Income of Consolidated Subsidiaries | 30,813 |
| Net Income | 358,492 |


| I. Cash Flows from Operating Activities: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Income before income taxes | 384,950 |
| Depreciation | 344,642 |
| Amortization of goodwill | 78,554 |
| Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts | 474,106 |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued bonuses to employees | 316,649 |
| Increase (decrease) in employees' retirement benefits | 6,332 |
| Increase (decrease) in directors' retirement benefits | $(6,385)$ |
| Interest and dividend income | $(8,618)$ |
| Equity in (earnings) losses of nonconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates | $(12,779)$ |
| Interest expense | 15,804 |
| Loss (Gain) on sale of fixed assets | $(3,360)$ |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | 837 |
| Decrease (increase) in trade receivables | 997,838 |
| Decrease (increase) in inventories | $(796,132)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in trade payables | 387,893 |
| Increase (decrease) in account payables | $(274,066)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in consumption tax payable | $(40,514)$ |
| Decrease (increase) in bankruptcy claims | $(407,318)$ |
| Other | $(366,918)$ |
| Subtotal | 1,091,516 |
| Interest and dividends received | 8,532 |
| Interest paid | $(23,037)$ |
| Income taxes paid | $(311,175)$ |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | 765,835 |
| II. Cash Flows from Investing Activities: |  |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | $(218,479)$ |
| Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment | 3,790 |
| Acquisition of intangible assets | $(61,511)$ |
| Payment to life insurance fund for directors | $(2,579)$ |
| Loans advanced | (240) |
| Collection of loan receivables | 396 |
| Payment for lease deposits | $(9,579)$ |
| Proceeds from recovery of lease deposits | 2,087 |
| Other | $(2,209)$ |
| Net Cash Used in Investing Activities | $(288,326)$ |
| III. Cash Flows from Financing Activities: |  |
| Proceeds from short-term debt | 2,126,547 |
| Repayment of short-term debt | $(2,254,050)$ |
| Payment of cash dividends | $(606,153)$ |
| Payment of cash dividends to minority shareholders | $(50,393)$ |
| Acquisition of treasury stock | (761) |
| Net Cash Used in Financing Activities | $(784,810)$ |
| IV. Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents | 204,761 |
| V. Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 102,539 |
| VI. Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Period | 5,972,743 |
| VII. Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Period | 5,870,203 |

[Reference: Consolidated Quarterly Financial Statements for the Previous Period]
(1) Consolidated Quarterly Statements of Income
(Thousands of yen)

|  | Three Months Ended April 30, 2008 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | 12,627,440 |
| Cost of sales | 7,844,059 |
| Gross profit | 4,743,381 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 3,947,079 |
| Operating income | 796,301 |
| Other income | 65,686 |
| Interest income | 10,748 |
| Dividend income | 150 |
| Rental income | 27,774 |
| Equity in gain from affiliated companies | 8,588 |
| Other | 18,425 |
| Other expenses | 116,683 |
| Interest expense | 14,401 |
| Sales discounts | 43,690 |
| Rental income-related costs | 23,551 |
| Foreign exchange loss | 29,120 |
| Other | 5,918 |
| Ordinary income | 745,304 |
| Extraordinary income | 444 |
| Gain on sales of fixed assets | 174 |
| Reversal of Allowance for doubtful accounts | 269 |
| Extraordinary losses | 89,581 |
| Loss on sales of assets | 167 |
| Loss on sale/disposal of property | 5,763 |
| Expenses related to self-imposed product recall | 83,650 |
| Income before income taxes | 656,167 |
| Additional corporate tax and others | 353,162 |
| Income tax adjustments | $(113,036)$ |
| Minority interests in net income | 26,153 |
| Net income | 389,888 |

(2) Consolidated Quarterly Statements of Cash Flows

| (Thousands of yen) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Three Months Ended April 30, 2008 |
| I. Cash Flows from Operating Activities: |  |
| Income before income taxes | 656,167 |
| Depreciation | 366,309 |
| Amortization of goodwill | 66,576 |
| Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts | 4,835 |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued bonuses to employees | 331,525 |
| Increase (decrease) in employees' retirement benefits | 10,570 |
| Increase (decrease) in directors' retirement benefits | $(24,404)$ |
| Interest and dividend income | $(10,898)$ |
| Equity in (earnings) losses of nonconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates | $(8,588)$ |
| Interest expense | 14,401 |
| Gain on sale of fixed assets | (174) |
| Loss on sale of fixed assets | 167 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | 5,763 |
| Decrease (increase) in trade receivables | $(838,069)$ |
| Decrease (increase) in inventories | $(922,728)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in trade payables | 674,579 |
| Increase (decrease) in account payables | 219,508 |
| Increase (decrease) in consumption tax payable | $(5,858)$ |
| Decrease (increase) in bankruptcy claims | 1,043 |
| Other | $(56,890)$ |
| Subtotal | 483,835 |
| Interest and dividends received | 14,621 |
| Interest paid | $(23,033)$ |
| Income taxes paid | $(242,044)$ |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | 233,379 |
| II. Cash Flows from Investing Activities: |  |
| Proceeds from reversal of time deposits | 510,000 |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | $(409,415)$ |
| Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment | 472 |
| Acquisition of intangible assets | $(105,629)$ |
| Payment to life insurance fund for directors | $(3,368)$ |
| Proceeds due to maturity/cancellation of insurance reserve | 16,182 |
| Loans advanced | (826) |
| Collection of loan receivables | 358 |
| Payment for lease deposits | $(12,923)$ |
| Proceeds from recovery of lease deposits | 2,069 |
| Other | $(5,116)$ |
| Net Cash Used in Investing Activities | $(8,198)$ |
| III. Cash Flows from Financing Activities: |  |
| Net increase in short-term bank loans | 3,431,240 |
| Repayment of short-term bank loans | $(1,693,600)$ |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | $(1,020,000)$ |
| Payment of cash dividends | $(279,717)$ |
| Payment of cash dividends to minority shareholders | $(36,439)$ |
| Proceeds from sale of treasury stock | 201,021 |
| Acquisition of treasury stock | (334) |
| Net Cash Provided in Financing Activities | 602,169 |
| IV. Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents | $(224,254)$ |
| V. Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 583,096 |
| VI. Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Period | 3,775,631 |
| VII. Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Period | 4,358,727 |

## 6. Segment Information

## (1) Performance by Business Segment

Three Months Ended April 30, 2009
Three Months Ended April 30, 2009

|  | Baby and <br> child care | Healthcare | Others | Total | Eliminations or <br> corporate | Consolidated |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(1)$ Sales to outside customers | $9,627,109$ | $1,616,231$ | 903,980 | $12,147,321$ | - | $12,147,321$ |
| $(2)$ Intersegment sales | - | - | - | - | $(-)$ | - |
| Total | $9,627,109$ | $1,616,231$ | 903,980 | $12,147,321$ | $(-)$ | $12,147,321$ |
| Operating income | $1,323,449$ | 42,417 | 166,688 | $1,532,555$ | $(812,854)$ | 719,700 |

Notes:

1. The Company's business is segmented for internal control purposes.
2. Main products/services of each segment are shown below.

| Segment | Main products/services |
| :--- | :--- |
| Baby and child care | Breastfeeding and weaning products, skincare products, child-rearing support services, other |
| Healthcare | Nursing-care products, nursing-care support services, other |
| Others | Women's care products (supplements, maternity products, etc.), wet tissues, other |

## (2) Performance by Geographic Region

| Three Months Ended April 30, 2009 |
| :--- |
|  Japan East Asia Others Total Eliminations or <br> corporate Consolidated <br> Sales       <br> (1) Sales to outside customers $9,128,103$ $1,947,530$ $1,071,687$ $12,147,321$ - $12,147,321$ <br> (2) Intersegment sales 457,604 537,106  - 994,710 $(994,710)$ |
| Total |

Notes:

1. Segmentation of countries and regions is based on geographic proximity.
2. Major countries and regions are as follows:

East Asia: Singapore, Thailand, China
Other: United States, etc.

## (3) Oversea Sales

Three Months Ended April 30, 2009

|  | (¥ thousands) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Overseas sales | East Asia | North America | Middle East | Other | Total |
| Consolidated net sales | $2,225,827$ | 923,480 | 235,799 | 342,473 | $3,727,579$ |
| Share of overseas sales in <br> consolidated net sales (\%) | - | - | - | - | $12,147,321$ |

Notes:

1. Segmentation of countries and regions is based on geographic proximity.
2. Major countries and regions are as follows:
(1) East Asia: China, South Korea, Singapore, etc.
(2) North America: United States, Canada, etc.
(3) Middle East: United Arab Emirates, etc.
(4) Other: Panama, South Africa, France, etc.
3. Overseas sales refer to sales in countries or regions outside of Japan reported by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

## [Reference: Segment Information for the Previous Period] <br> (1) Performance by Business Segment

Three months ended April 30, 2008

|  | Baby and <br> child care | Healthcare | Others | Total | Eliminations <br> or corporate | Consolidated <br> Cons) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sales <br> (1) Sales to outside customers | $9,912,579$ | 1672,969 | $1,041,890$ | $12,627,440$ | - | $12,627,440$ |
| $(2)$ Intersegment sales | - | - | - | - | $(-)$ | - |
| Total | $9,912,579$ | $1,672,969$ | $1,041,890$ | $12,627,440$ | $(-)$ | $12,627,440$ |
| Operating income | $1,328,358$ | 74,420 | 177,093 | $1,579,872$ | $(783,571)$ | 796,301 |

## Notes:

1. The Company's business is segmented for internal control purposes.
2. Main products/services of each segment are shown below.

| Segment | Main products/services |
| :--- | :--- |
| Baby and child care | Breastfeeding and weaning products, skincare products, child-rearing support services, other |
| Healthcare | Nursing-care products, nursing-care support services, other |
| Others | Women's care products (supplements, maternity products, etc.), wet tissues, other |

## (2) Oversea Sales

Three months ended April 30, 2008
( $¥$ thousands)

|  | East Asia | North America | Middle East | Other | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Overseas sales | $2,231,598$ | 970,738 | 362,583 | 447,589 | $4,012,510$ |
| Consolidated net sales | - | - | - | - | $12,627,440$ |
| Share of overseas sales in <br> consolidated net sales (\%) | 17.7 | 7.7 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 31.8 |

Notes:

1. Segmentation of countries and regions is based on geographic proximity.
2. Major countries and regions are as follows:
(1) East Asia: China, South Korea, Singapore, etc.
(2) North America: United States, Canada, etc.
(3) Middle East: United Arab Emirates, etc.
(4) Other: United Kingdom, Australia, South Africa, etc.
3. Overseas sales refer to sales in countries or regions outside of Japan reported by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.
